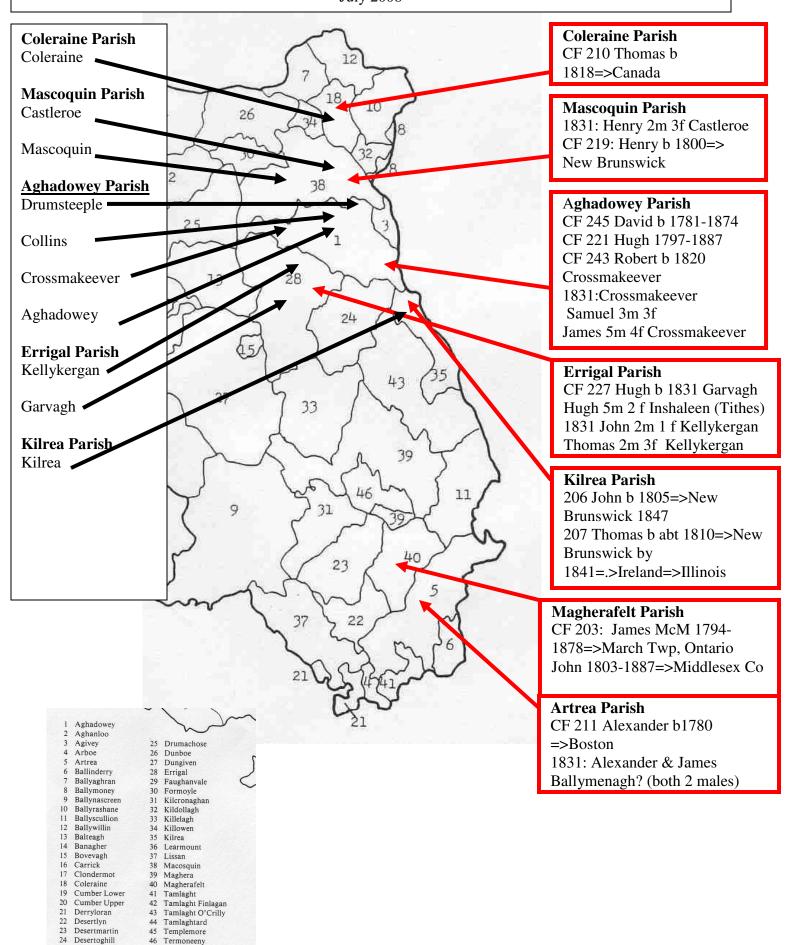
# Detailed location of townlands of McMurtry residence in 1800s in County Derry $_{\rm July~2008}$



The McMurtrys of County Derry Ireland lived in the 1800s in the northeast parishes of Coleraine, Mascoquin, Errial and Kilrea and in the southeast parishes of Magherafelt and Artrea.

There are 8 familes whose descent we can trace from these early origins, though several of them proceed to leave no male offspring by the mid-1800s.

#### **Northern Derry**

**Aghadowey McMurtrys** 

One of the earliest McM reference in Co Derry is that of a Thomas McMurtry, a tenant in Drumstable/Drumsteeple of Aghadowey in a 1765 list of tenants. Since he is not listed in the tenants list of 1725, it is possible he arrived in the area between those dates. Since DNA suggests the County Derry DNA pattern was characteristic also of the McM who lived in Dailly, Kirkmichael and possibly Straiton Parish, Ayrshire, Scotland, we assume that Thomas or his forebears came from that location.

The family continued to live there as evidenced by Andrew, David and James McMurtry appearing in the 1831 census; then, John and widow McMurtrie and a David McMurtry appearing in the 1833 Tithe list. Because of the geographical proximity of Crossmakeever, Collins and Drumsteeple, the three families associated with those location are all considered to possibly be brothers or close kin:

David 1781-1874 (CF 245) Hugh 1789-1887 (CF 221) James 1791-1866 (CF 243): assumed to be father of Robert b 1828 md 1856

Errigal and Kilrea McMurtrys

Errigal and Kilrea lie just south of Aghadowey.

The 1831 census for Kellykergan, Errigal lists a John McMurtry (1m 1 f) and a Thomas McMastery (2m 3f). We suspect that this was the family of John McMurtry 1801-1875 (CF 206) and Thomas McMurtry b abt 1810 (CF 207) or possibly John and his father or uncle Thomas.

Thomas came to New Brunswick and married Martha Ritchie in 1841, returned almost immediately to Ireland and then went to Illinois in the 1860s. This migration is very similar to the tradition in the family of John McMurtry (CF 206) who married in Ireland (reportedly to an Annie Dinsmore) and came with his wife and children to New Brunswick in 1847. The tradition was that he had a "brother Robert who returned to Ireland for a short time and after returning settled probably in Ontario". John 's family tradition was that he was from Kilrea in Co Tyrone. However, Kilrea lies in Co Derry, not far from Errigal. A son of John McM was named Hugh Gamble McM and there was a Hugh Gamble living next door to John McMurtry in the 1831 census, supporting the theory that John in Kelleykergan was the John of CF 206.

Mascoquin McMurtrys

The 1831 census list Henry McMurtry in Castleroe with 2m 3 f. We suspect this is Henry (CF 219) b 1800 is the father of Henry b 1828 md 1858 Mascoquin who came to New Brunswick in 1864 and died in Nova Scotia in 1865.

#### Coleraine McMurtrys

There is a Thomas McMurtry (CF 210) born about 1818 in Co Derry (possibly Coleraine) who came to Ontario in 1840, then to Saskatchewan late in life. He may be related to the Mascoquin Henry

### **Southern Derry**

Artrea McMurtrys

The 1831 census lists Alexander McMurtry and James McMurtry. We suspect this was the Alexander (CF 211) b 1780 and his son James b 1810 who came to Massachusetts by 1850.

## Magherafelt McMurtrys

James McMurtry 1794-1878 (CF 203) came from Co Derry to March Township, Ontario in the early 1820s (prior to 1823). He married Nancy Wilson whose family tradition was that her parents were from Coche and Coolshinney, Co Derry. Coolshinney is associated with a location 2 miles SW of the village of Magherafelt in the Parish of Magherafelt. So we assume that the McMurtrys lived there also or close by. It is possible that they are a branch of the nearby Artrea McMurtrys, but James may just be part of a family that left Magherafelt prior to the 1831 census.

Also arriving in March Township from Ireland in this era was John McMurtry 1803-1887, assumed to be the younger brother of James. John moved on to Middlesex Township between 1835 and 1837.