

INDIANA.

Dr. Jonathan French, a native of New Hampshire, received his literary and medical education in Vermont. He located in York, Pa., and after practicing his profession there for some time, moved to Kittanning, and in a short time to Indiana. He was the first physician in Indiana, settling here in 1807 or 1808, and practiced here till his death, August 20th, 1814. He is represented as being a man of fine culture and a very successful Physician. He was buried in the "*Old Grave Yard*," on the south side of the borough.

Dr. Robert Mitchell, a native of West Virginia, was born in Ohio county, on Short Creek, in the year 1787, and was educated in the best school in the neighborhood at the time. He studied medicine with Dr. Magreehon, a prominent physician residing at that time about sixteen miles from Wheeling and attended a course of lectures at the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia. He settled in Indiana about the year 1811, and soon entered upon an extensive and lucrative practice, which lasted several years. He was partial to the so-called *Rush* system of treating diseases and was very successful in certain forms of inflammatory affections. Dr. Mitchell represented Indiana county in the Legislature five years. He was elected first in 1819, and was one of the associate judges of the county for five years, from 1836 to 1841. He was one of the first anti-slave men in the county, and was always willing to lend a helping hand to the slaves. For his humane work, he was prosecuted in the District Court of the United States and suffered heavily for attempting to relieve the oppressed. But his high regard for the right, encouraged him to work in the cause that he believed was sure to triumph. He said, when the Rebellion commenced that "slavery would be destroyed before the war would end," and enjoyed even when quite feeble every form of information that indicated the downfall of slavery. A number of years before his death he invested largely in real estate, and for twenty years before his death in a manner retired from the practice of medicine, only superintending his grist and saw mills and farms. He died April 14th, 1863, aged 76 years.

Dr. James M. Stewart, a native of Huntingdon county, was educated at the best schools in his native county. He studied medicine with Dr. Henderson, of Huntingdon; graduated at the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; located in Indiana about the year 1814, and continued the practice of medicine and surgery there until a short time before his death, March 27th, 1869. Dr. Stewart performed more than ordinary services as a physician to the people of Indiana county. He was not confined in professional work to Indiana county alone, but was frequently called professionally to the adjoining counties of Armstrong, Cambria, Clarion, Clearfield, Jefferson and Westmoreland, to give counsel in different cases in the practice of medicine and more frequently surgical cases. He despised every form of irregular practice that had a tendency to imposition and quackery; was always a true and faithful friend and counselor to every worthy young physician that needed assistance. He kept fully up with all the discoveries and improvements in medicine and surgery, and cheerfully imparted information to those in need to the end of his life. He represented Indiana county in the Legislature in 1832, but positively refused a re-election, knowing he had a higher and nobler field of usefulness than a seat in the Legislature of Pennsylvania. Governor Johnston appointed him associate judge in 1849. He held this position about three years.

Dr. Thomas Moorhead, a native of White township, was educated at the Indiana academy, and studied medicine with Dr. Stewart. He spent some time practicing in the thinly settled portions of Indiana and Clearfield counties. He was for some time at Strongstown, and practiced part of the years 1832 and 1833, in Indiana, but died before he made a permanent settlement. He died in the vicinity of Strongstown.

Dr. George W. Gettys, a native of Huntingdon county, was a printer in early life; followed that business for a number of years, and then studied medicine. He moved to Indiana in 1835, commenced the practice of medicine and remained about three year. He then moved to Armagh, and practiced medicine there about one year, and returned to Indiana, and shortly after moved to Butler, practicing his profession there a few years. He then purchased a printing establishment in that place, and published the "*Butler Whig*" for a number of years, and then returned to his native county, and died a few years ago.

Dr. Joseph Crooks, a practitioner from Greencastle, Franklin county, located in Indiana, in 1840, and practiced his profession about three years, and then moved to Ohio.

Dr. James M. Taylor, was raised in the town of Indiana; received his preparatory education at the Indiana and Harrisburg Academies. He taught school in Saltsburg, and Steubenville, Ohio; studied medicine with Dr. J. M. Stewart; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; located in Indiana, in 1843, and continued the practice of his profession till 1857, when he moved to Kittanning. He remained there about sixteen years, and then returned to Indiana, where he now resides. Part of the time he

spent in Kittanning, he was connected with the Drug and Apothecary business, and since he returned to Indiana, has continued in the same business.

Dr. Thomas St. Clair, a native of White Township, was educated at the Indiana Academy, and studied medicine with Dr. Jas. M. Stewart. He graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; located in Indiana, in 1847, and has continued in general practice in that place, to the present time, except about six months, when he lived in East Liberty, Allegheny county. For a number of years, at different times, he has had some interest in dry goods, clothing, drug, lumber, oil and real estate business, along with his professional work. He represented the district composed of the counties of Armstrong and Indiana, in the State Senate, during the years 1863 and 1864, and was elected State Senator, in the district composed of the counties of Indiana and Jefferson, in 1876, for four years.

Dr. William Anderson, a native of Greene township, was educated at the Blairsville and Indiana Academies. He studied medicine with Dr. J. W. Taylor; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; located in Indiana in 1851 and has continued in the regular practice of his profession to the present time.

Dr. Hufeland, a native of Germany, located in Indiana in 1852 and remained about six months, and then moved to the eastern part of the State.

Dr. William Altman, moved from Punxsutawney to Indiana in 1853, and practiced nearly a year and then returned to Punxsutawney. (See Armagh.)

Dr. Samuel M. Swan, a native of Armagh, after receiving a collegiate education, studied medicine with Dr. Samuel F. Stewart; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; located at Indiana in 1854, and practiced nearly a year. He then moved to the State of Illinois, and spent a few years, and then moved to Johnstown, Cambria county, where he resides at present.

Dr. Wallace B. Steward moved from Greenville to Indiana in the fall of 1855, and practiced a few months and returned to Greenville in the spring of 1856. (See Greenville.)

Dr. Wm. Reed moved from Beaver county to Indiana in 1856, and practiced medicine till 1859; then moved to Ohio. (See Smicksburg.)

Dr. James S. McCartney, a native of Armstrong county, graduated at Jefferson College, Canonsburg; studied medicine; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; located in Indiana in 1856, and practiced there about one year. He then moved to Tarentown, Allegheny county, where he now resides.

Dr. Robert Barr moved from Armagh to Indiana in 1859, and resides at Indiana. (See Armagh.)

Dr. James T. Adair, a native of Indiana county, was educated at the Jacksonville Academy; studied medicine with Dr. Mabow; graduated at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia; located at Indiana in 1860, and moved to the Cherry Tree about the close of the same year. In the fall of 1861 he moved to Mt. Jackson, Lawrence county, and practiced medicine there till 1863, when he was appointed assistant surgeon of the 77th P. V. V. I. During the latter part of the year 1865 his regiment was stationed near San Antonio, Texas, in a malarial section of the country. His health gradually failed, but he remained with his regiment until they were mustered out of the service in Philadelphia, January 15th, 1866, when he returned to the home of his parents near Greenville, Indiana county, and sank gradually the victim of consumption. He died May 5th, 1866.

Dr. John K. Thompson moved to Indiana in 1863 and practiced medicine till 1855, when he returned to Marion. (See Marion.)

Dr. Herman Row, a native of Greensburg, passed his early life in Somerset. He was educated at the Indiana Academy; studied medicine in Grantsville, Md. with Dr. McCormick; graduated at the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania; located at Indiana in 1865, and practiced in that place till 1873, when he moved to Altoona, where he now resides.

Dr. A. F. Parington, a native of Maine, received his preparatory education at the Maine Wesleyan Seminary; studied medicine with Dr. James McKeen, of Topsham, Me.; graduated at the Bowdoin Medical College, Maine, in 1864; served as acting assistant surgeon thirteen or fourteen months; located in Indiana in 1866, where he has been in general practice to the present time.

Dr. James W. Lorrence, a native of Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, was a private in the 105th Reg. Pa. Vol. For four years and was wounded at the battle of Chancellorsville, Va., May 3d, 1863. He was educated at the "Glade Run Academy" and "Mt. Union College," Ohio; studied medicine with Dr. Hughes, of Blairsville; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia, in 1873, and settled in Indiana in the same year. He has engaged in general practice since that date.

Dr. William L. Cunningham moved from Jacksonville to Indiana in the fall of 1877, and resides there at present. (See Jacksonville.)

Dr. Charles N. St. Clair, a native of Indiana borough, educated at the Indiana schools; studied medicine this his father, Dr, Thomas St. Clair; graduated at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia in 1878, and has been practicing his profession in Indiana since that time.