

No 41.

Reservation
Claim of
The Heirs of
Elizabeth and Thomas
Jones.

Statement of
Mary Jones.

[SP FILE 138?]

[SP FILE 155]

Testimony in case of
Eliza Jones
for a Reservation.

SPECIAL VILLE.
No

In the claim of the children and heirs of
Elizabeth Jones, for whom a reservation was taken
by her husband Thomas Jones, on Tennepe river,
under the Treaty of 1817 as per Register of Reservations
No. 58 and settled by David Jones, administrator
Mary Jones, appears before the Commissioners
this 1st day of April 1868 and being identified as
one of the children of the deceased makes the
following declaration.

The reservation entered by my
father Thomas Jones for my Mother Elizabeth was
in Jackson County, Alabama, on Jones Creek, near
of King's Cove on lands ceded by the treaty of 1817.
My father was a white man and my Mother a Native
Cherokee - My Mother and her family had been living
on the place which was afterwards entered for the reservation
between three and four years before the treaty of
1817. The place had been improved some little before
Mother and father moved there, but the owner B. B.
Brown had abandoned it and it was the custom in
those time for any person to take possession of an abandons
place - My Mother had ~~four~~ children at the
time of the Treaty - five of them lived with her
- the others, James Jones and myself were both
married at the time of the treaty and settled to
various places - I lived two miles and a half from my
Mother's place. - Several years after the treaty
can't name exactly how many - there were several
white men, named Hamilton, John Kelly son,
Mr Smith, Tom Gant, Bid Gant and Charles
Reed and some others all living in the neighborhood
were in the habit of coming to Mother's house
tormenting her in every way they could devise -
invariably appeared at night and would ~~stand~~ the
~~house~~ - in some instances broke in the ~~door~~ ~~windows~~
~~with heavy rocks~~ - at one time the door being broken
in, a stone was thrown which struck father upon